AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville Greenville, Pennsylvania

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville, (the "Authority") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

In our opinion, the financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Other Matter

In our audit report dated March 8, 2023, we expressed an opinion that the 2022 financial statements did not fairly present the financial position of the Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America because of one departure from such principles: The Authority was unable to obtain the December 31, 2021 financial statements for the Authority's pension plan as the report was unavailable prior to the date of the issuance of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. Because this report was not available, the 2022 activity related to the pension plan was not included in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. As described in Note G, the Authority has made a prior period adjustment and restated its 2022 financial statements. Accordingly, our present opinion on the restated 2022 financial statements, as presented herein, is different from that expressed in our previous report.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipal Authority of the Borough of
 Greenville's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the pension plan information on pages 23 and 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

McGill, Power, Bell & Associates, LLP

MEGill, Power, Bell & Associates, LLP

Grove City, Pennsylvania

March 20, 2024

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	 2023	2022
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 972,188	\$ 591,072
Certificate of deposit	294,436	284,165
Accounts receivable	245,903	228,574
Unbilled revenue	175,441	192,273
Inventory	92,581	85,526
Prepaid insurance	19,339	19,339
Net pension asset	13,923	350,694
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable capital assets	6,478,975	3,408,525
Depreciable capital assets, net of		
accumulated depreciation	12,127,189	12,488,701
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - debt service funds	379,969	388,037
1	20,799,944	18,036,906
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred charge on refunding	15,273	30,541
Relating to net pension asset, net of amortization	260,083	84,100
,	275,356	114,641
LIABILITIES		
Current portion of long-term debt	606,264	579,576
Accounts payable	112,387	404,391
Deposits for services	3,620	3,620
Accrued interest payable	2,276	5,368
Other accrued expenses	29,813	29,953
Long-term debt, net of current portion	6,106,928	4,105,609
	6,861,288	5,128,517
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Relating to net pension asset, net of amortization	 103,686	 250,483
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	11,908,245	11,242,582
Restricted for debt service	379,969	388,037
Unrestricted	1,822,112	1,141,928
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 14,110,326	\$ 12,772,547

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	20	023	2022		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Private sales	\$ 2	2,134,704	\$	2,070,433	
Public sales		49,355		40,677	
Sewer collection fees		29,607		27,743	
Reimbursed collection costs		45,739		45,040	
Miscellaneous income		42,448		39,233	
Recovery of bad debts		131		627	
	2	2,301,984		2,223,753	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purification system		564,396		640,868	
Pumping system		7,381		7,061	
Distribution system		328,160		408,941	
Administrative and general		575,412		483,784	
Depreciation		361,512		393,673	
	1	,836,861		1,934,327	
OPERATING INCOME		465,123		289,426	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Grant revenues		920,722		2,554,670	
Interest income		31,621		5 , 550	
Interest expense		(80,966)		(80,918)	
Amortization		1,279		1,279	
		872,656		2,480,581	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	1	1,337,779		2,770,007	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	12	2,772,547		10,002,540	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 14	.,110,326	\$	12,772,547	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 2,183,562	\$ 2,065,398
Other operating cash receipts	117,925	112,643
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	(1,313,524)	(1,092,183)
Cash payments to employees for services	(557,676)	(556,962)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 430,287	528,896
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL		
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets	(2,959,807)	(2,740,347)
Grant revenues	920,722	2,554,670
Principal paid on long-term debt	(579,575)	(571,446)
Proceeds from long-term debt	2,608,861	-
Interest paid on long-term debt	(68,790)	(68,465)
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL		
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(78,589)	 (825,588)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	21,350	4,417
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	373,048	(292,275)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR (Including \$388,037 and \$396,358, respectively,		
reported in restricted cash and cash equivalents)	 979,109	 1,271,384
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR		
(Including \$379,969 and \$388,037, respectively,		
reported in restricted cash and cash equivalents)	\$ 1,352,157	\$ 979,109

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

		2023	2022
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET			_
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income	\$	465,123	\$ 289,426
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		361,512	393,673
Change in:			
Accounts receivable		(17,329)	(15,403)
Unbilled revenue		16,832	(30,309)
Inventory		(7,055)	(18,942)
Net pension asset		336,771	(71,098)
Accounts payable		(402,647)	(39,875)
Other accrued expenses		(140)	4,533
Deferred outflows/inflows of resources			
relating to net pension asset		(322,780)	16,891
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	430,287	\$ 528,896
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATIO Non-cash capital and related financing activities:	N:		
AMORTIZATION OF BOND PREMIUM	\$	(1,279)	\$ (1,279)
AMORTIZATION OF DEFERRED AMOUNT ON BOND REFUNDING	\$	15,268	\$ 15,268
CAPITAL ASSET PURCHASES IN ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AT YEAR END	\$	110,643	\$ 402,647

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville (the Authority) was created under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to operate a water system to service individuals and organizations in the Greenville area. The Authority operates under a five-person Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Authority's basic financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Authority's basic financial statements are prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America (GAAP) issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) applicable to governmental entities that use proprietary fund accounting, including GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. Revenues are recognized when earned, and costs and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of a proprietary fund type, specifically, an enterprise fund. The activities of this fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues and expenses. Enterprise funds account for activities (i) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity; (ii) that are required by laws or regulations that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues; or (iii) that the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statements of Net Position.

Revenues and Expenses

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Authority's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

Preparation of the Authority's financial statements require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unbilled revenue of the Authority represents estimated amounts due for services provided during 2023 and 2022, but not billed until after December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Investments

In February 2015, GASB issued GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the definition of fair value for financial reporting purposes, establishing general principles for measuring fair value, providing additional fair value application guidance, and for enhancing disclosures around fair value measurements.

Inventory

Inventory consists of supplies held for repairs and maintenance on the water system. Inventory is valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost.

Repairs and maintenance costs are charged against earnings while renewals and betterments are capitalized by additions to the related asset accounts.

Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The estimated useful lives range from 4 to 70 years, depending on the type of asset.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred outflows of resources that affect the financial statements at December 31, 2023 or 2022 relate to the net pension asset and the deferred charge on refunding of debt.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)</u>

In addition to liabilities, the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. Deferred inflows of resources that affect the financial statements at December 31, 2023 or 2022 relate to the net pension asset.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's pension plans and additions to/deductions from the Authority's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Authority. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position is classified into three categories according to external donor or legal restrictions or availability of assets to satisfy the Authority's obligations. Net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This component of net position consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, and improvement of the capital assets, plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted Net Position: This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted: This consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the Authority's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impact of Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The Statement was adopted by the Authority on January 1, 2023. The Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The Statement had no material impact on the Authority's current year financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Principles

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of Statement No. 62, is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 20, 2024 the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits at various financial institutions, investments with an original maturity of three months or less, and cash on hand of \$300 at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of a debt service account and debt service reserve account that are required to be maintained in accordance with the bond indenture. Amounts in these accounts are restricted for payment of principal and interest on the bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE B - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the government's deposits may not be returned. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk on deposits. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amounts of the Authority's deposits were \$1,351,857 and \$978,809, respectively, with corresponding bank balances of \$1,448,302 and \$1,082,134, respectively. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Authority had \$294,436 and \$284,165, respectively, invested in a certificate of deposit.

Of the bank balances at December 31, 2023 and 2022, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$992,738 and \$616,299, respectively, were exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured and the collateral held by the depository's agent was not in the Authority's name.

NOTE C - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Increases	De	creases	Ending Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:		_		_				_
Land	\$	63,091	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,091
Construction in progress		3,345,434		3,070,450		-		6,415,884
Total capital assets								
not being depreciated		3,408,525		3,070,450		-		6,478,975
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Plant and equipment		20,683,206		-				20,683,206
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Plant and equipment		(8,194,505)		(361,512)		-		(8,556,017)
Total capital assets		· ,		· · ·			1	·
being depreciated, net		12,488,701		(361,512)		-		12,127,189
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	15,897,226	\$	2,708,938	\$	-	\$	18,606,164

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		De	creases	Ending Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:							_
Land	\$	63,091	\$ -	\$	-	\$	63,091
Construction in progress		226,140	3,119,294		-		3,345,434
Total capital assets							
not being depreciated		289,231	 3,119,294		-		3,408,525
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant and equipment		20,659,506	23,700		-		20,683,206
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Plant and equipment		(7,800,832)	(393,673)		-		(8,194,505)
Total capital assets		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				,
being depreciated, net		12,858,674	(369,973)		-		12,488,701
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	13,147,905	\$ 2,749,321	\$	-	\$	15,897,226

NOTE D – LONG-TERM DEBT

In December 2011, the Authority issued \$2,765,000 of Water Revenue Bonds for a refunding of \$2,765,000 of Series of 2003 Water Revenue Bonds. The refunding was undertaken due to more favorable interest rates. The bond bears rates ranging from 0.55% to 4.00% and matures September 2024. The transaction resulted in a reduction of \$233,760 in future debt service payments and the economic gain to the Authority from this refunding was \$231,428. The loan is secured by revenue of the Authority. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$195,000 and \$460,000, respectively.

In conjunction with this refunding, the Authority has recognized a deferred amount on refunding in the financial statements, as a deferred outflow of resources. This amount represents the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 2003 Bonds and will be amortized over the remaining life of the bonds. Amortization of the deferred amount on refunding amounted to \$15,268 for 2023 and 2022. This amount has been charged to interest expense in the financial statements.

During 2012, the Authority entered into a demand loan with Pennvest which allowed the Authority to borrow up to \$4,501,000 for capital improvements to the existing water system. At December 31, 2013, the balance outstanding on this demand loan was \$3,973,876. During 2014, the demand loan converted into a loan to be paid at a rate of principal plus interest of 1.0% and matures December 2034. The loan is secured by a lien on the Authority's water revenues. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$2,368,171 and \$2,590,281, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE D – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

In 2018, the Authority began to draw down on a \$1,971,087 note with Pennvest for the water system improvements project. During the drawdown period through April 2019, interest of 1.00% was due monthly. Principal payments began in May 2019 with a maturity date of April 2039. The note is secured by a lien on the Authority's water revenues. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$1,539,886 and \$1,632,351, respectively.

In 2023, the Authority began to draw down on a \$3,851,854 loan with Pennvest for the second phase of the water system improvements project. During the drawdown period through June 2024, interest of 1.00% is due monthly. Principal payments will begin in July 2024 with a maturity date of June 2044. The note is secured by a lien on the Authority's water revenues. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2023 was \$2,608,861.

Interest expense on long-term debt was \$80,966 and \$80,918, respectively, for 2023 and 2022.

Long-term debt as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 consists of the following obligations:

	Е	Beginning					Ending	$D\iota$	ie Within
		Balance	Increases	L	Decreases	Balance			ne Year
Water revenue bonds	\$	460,000	\$ -	\$	(265,000)	\$	195,000	\$	195,000
Pennvest loan		2,590,281	-		(222,110)		2,368,171		224,343
Pennvest note		1,632,351	-		(92,465)		1,539,886		93,394
Pennvest loan 2023		-	2,608,861		-		2,608,861		93,527
Bond premium		2,553	-		(1,279)		1,274		
			_				_		_
TOTAL	\$	4,685,185	\$ 2,608,861	\$	(580,854)	\$	6,713,192	\$	606,264

The annual requirements for long-term debt outstanding as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

					Principal			
Year ending	2011	ı	Pennvest	ı	Pennvest	ı	Pennvest	Total
December 31,	Bonds		Loan		Note		oan 2023	 Principal
2024	195,000		224,343		93,394		93,527	606,264
2025	-		226,596		94,332		188,462	509,390
2026	-		228,872		95,280		190,356	514,508
2027	-		231,171		96,237		192,268	519,676
2028	-		233,494		97,203		194,200	524,897
2029-2033	-		1,203,127		500,863		1,014,174	2,718,164
2034-2038	-		20,568		526,532		735,874	1,282,974
2039	 		-		36,045		-	 36,045
TOTAL	\$ 195,000	\$	2,368,171	\$	1,539,886	\$	2,608,861	\$ 6,711,918

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE D – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

					In	iterest			
Year ending		2011	P	ennvest	P	Pennvest	P	ennvest	Total
December 31,	E	Bonds		Loan		Note	$L\epsilon$	oan 2023	 Interest
2024		6,825		22,655		14,972		25,714	 70,166
2025		-		20,402		14,033		24,111	58,546
2026		-		18,125		13,086		22,218	53,429
2027		-		15,826		12,129		20,306	48,261
2028		-		13,504		11,162		18,374	43,040
2029-2033		-		31,858		40,962		101,834	174,654
2034-2038		-		17		15,295		21,332	36,644
2039		-		_		75		-	75
TOTAL	\$	6,825	\$	122,387	\$	121,714	\$	233,889	\$ 484,815

NOTE E - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description The Authority's pension plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan controlled by the provisions of Resolution No. 01-01 adopted pursuant to Act 15 of 1974. The plan participates in the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System, which is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating municipal pension plans. PMRS issues a separate Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The ACFR is available on the PMRS website. A copy can be obtained by contacting the PMRS accounting office.

The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The Authority's Manager, with Board approval, has the ability to establish and amend benefits. As a participant in PMRS, the Authority receives a separate actuarial valuation to determine its periodic contribution rate.

Significant Accounting Policies The plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due, in accordance with Act 205, as amended. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE E – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

2023	2022
6	5
3	-
9	11
18	16

Investments Investments are reported at fair value. The plan's assets with PMRS are pooled for investment purposes and, therefore, do not represent specific identifiable investment securities. Disclosures required by Statement No. 3 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for aggregate PMRS investments are included in PMRS's separately issued ACFR.

Actuarial Assumptions Total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019 utilizing the Entry Age actuarial funding method and the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.8%

Salary increases Age related scale with merit and inflation component

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 Mortality Table. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table.

Funding Act 205 requires that annual contributions be based upon the plan's Minimum Municipal Obligation (MMO). The MMO is based upon the plan's biennial actuarial valuation. In accordance with the plan's governing Resolution, members are required to contribute 3.5% of compensation to the plan. The plan may also be eligible to receive an allocation of state aid from the General Municipal Pension System State Aid Program which must be used for pension funding. Any funding requirement established by the MMO in excess of employee contributions and state aid must be paid by the municipality in accordance with Act 205. Administrative costs, including the investment manager, custodial trustee, and actuarial services are charged to the plan and funded through investment earnings. The contribution to the plan for 2023 and 2022 were \$924 and \$0, respectively, computed through an actuarial valuation performed January 1, 2019 and represented 0.19% and 0.00%, respectively, of covered payroll.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE E – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net pension liability of the pension plan The net pension liability is equal to the total pension liability minus the net position of the plan. The results as of December 31, is as follows:

	2023	 2022
Total pension liability	\$ 822,750	\$ 786,466
Pension plan net position	836,673	 1,137,160
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$ (13,923)	\$ (350,694)

The pension plan's net position as a percentage of total pension liability as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is 101.69% and 144.59%, respectively.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Plan was 5.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Authority's contributions will be made based on the yearly MMO calculation. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE E – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability

concurred of changes in the free fension i	Increase (Decrease)										
	Tot	al Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	Nε	et Pension					
	I	Liability	No	et Position	Liab	ility (Asset)					
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)					
MEASSUREMENT YEAR											
ENDING 12/31/2021	\$	786,466	\$	1,137,160	\$	(350,694)					
Changes for the year:											
Service cost		36,286		-		36,286					
Interest		38,156		-		38,156					
Changes in benefits		-		-		-					
Differences between expected and											
actual experience		150,851		-		150,851					
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-					
Contributions - employer		-		924		(924)					
Contributions - PMRS assessment		-		80		(80)					
Contributions - member		-		23,497		(23,497)					
PMRS investment income		-		48,509		(48,509)					
Market value investment income		-		(181,505)		181,505					
Transfers		-		-		-					
Benefit payments		(189,009)		(189,009)		-					
PMRS administrative expense		-		(420)		420					
Additional administrative expense		-		(2,563)		2,563					
Net changes		36,284		(300,487)		336,771					
MEASUREMENT YEAR											
ENDING 12/31/2022	<u>\$</u>	822,750	\$	836,673	\$	(13,923)					

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE E – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Increase (Decrease)										
	Tota	al Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	et Pension					
	L	iability	Nε	et Position	Liability (Asset)						
		(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)						
MEASSUREMENT YEAR											
ENDING 12/31/2020	\$	744,874	\$	1,024,470	\$	(279,596)					
Changes for the year:						_					
Service cost		34,106		-		34,106					
Interest		39,940		-		39,940					
Changes in benefits		-		-		-					
Differences between expected and											
actual experience		-		-		-					
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-					
Contributions - employer		-		-		-					
Contributions - PMRS assessment		-		-		-					
Contributions - member		-		22,197		(22,197)					
PMRS investment income		-		47,196		(47,196)					
Market value investment income		-		78,744		(78,744)					
Transfers		-		-		-					
Benefit payments		(32,454)		(32,454)		-					
PMRS administrative expense		-		(320)		320					
Additional administrative expense		-		(2,673)		2,673					
Net changes		41,592		112,690		(71,098)					
MEASUREMENT YEAR											
ENDING 12/31/2021	<u>\$</u>	786,466	<u>\$</u>	1,137,160	\$	(350,694)					

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to change in the discount rate The following presents the net pension liability of the plan, calculated using the discount rate of 5.25% for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 as well as what the plan's net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate.

Year ending December 31, 2023:

	1.0%	<i>Decrease</i>	Cui	rent Rate	1.0	0% Increase
		4.25%		5.25%		6.25%
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	107,652	\$	(13,923)	\$	(114,865)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE E – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Year ending December 31, 2022:

	1.0%	Decrease	Cı	ırrent Rate	1.0% Increase				
		4.25%		<i>5.25%</i>		6.25%			
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	(236,566)	\$	(350,694)	\$	(445,499)			

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$14,995 and (\$54,207), respectively.

At December 31, 2023, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	2 0101	rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 178,576	\$	99,404
Changes of assumptions	21,195		4,282
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	60,312		_
TOTAL	\$ 260,083	\$	103,686

At December 31, 2022, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Dereil	red Outflows Resources	20101	rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	58,221	\$	125,275
Changes of assumptions		25,879		5,710
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		119,498
TOTAL	\$	84,100	\$	250,483

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE E – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the year ended December 31,:

Year ended December 31:	
2023	\$ (4,047)
2024	23,271
2025	42,383
2026	46,813
2027	7,227
Thereafter	40,750

NOTE F - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Authority purchased various insurance policies to safeguard its assets from risk of loss. Insurance coverage appears to be consistent with previous years. During the year ended December 31, 2023 and the two previous fiscal years, no settlements exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE G – PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

Because the PMRS information was not available for the issuance of the December 31, 2022 financial statements, a qualified opinion was issued on the 2022 financial statements. The PMRS information has since become available and therefore, the 2022 financial statements have been restated as follows:

		Original		Restated	Ad	ljustment
Statement of Net Position						
Assets						
Net pension asset	\$	279,596	\$	350,694	\$	(71,098)
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Relating to net pension asset, net						
of amortization	\$	102,519	\$	84,100	\$	18,419
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Relating to net pension asset, net						
of amortization	\$	(252,011)	\$	(250,483)	\$	(1,528)
Net Position						
Unrestricted	\$	(1,087,721)	\$	(1,141,928)	\$	54,207
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, an	d Ch	anges in Net 1	Posit	tion		
Changes in net position	\$	(2,715,800)	\$	(2,770,007)	\$	54,207

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE H – AGREEMENT TO SELL

In September 2023, the Authority entered into an agreement to sell the assets of the Authority for \$18,000,000. The assets had not been sold as of December 31, 2023. Specific details of the sale are available at the office of the Municipal Authority of the Borough of Greenville.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYEES' PENSION FUND NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Measurement Year Ending 12/31/2022		ding Year Er		Measurement Year Ending 12/31/2020		Measurement Year Ending 12/31/2019		Measurement Year Ending 12/31/2018		Measurement Year Ending 12/31/2017		Yea	asurement ar Ending /31/2016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY:														
Service cost (beginning of year)	\$	36,286	\$	34,106	\$	30,452	\$	28,369	\$	28,064	\$	25,811	\$	24,818
Interest (includes interest on service cost)		38,156		39,940		42,076		40,636		38,022		37,222		31,933
Changes of benefit terms		150.051		-		(107.246)		-		3,590		-		104.406
Differences between expected and actual experience		150,851		-		(107,246) 21,439		-		29,565		-		104,496
Changes of assumptions Transfers		-		-		21,439		-		-		-		23,016
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(189,009)		(32,454)		(28,913)		(57,861)		(39,870)		(58,574)		(55,175)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		36,284		41,592		(42,192)		11,144		59,371		4,459		129,088
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY, BEGINNING		786,466		744,874		787,066		775,922		716,551		712,092		583,004
, and the second	_		_		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_				_			<u> </u>
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY, ENDING (a)	\$	822,750	\$	786,466	\$	744,874	\$	787,066	\$	775,922	\$	716,551	<u> </u>	712,092
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION:														
Contributions - employer	\$	924	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(79)	\$	3,505	\$	3,329	\$	7,343
Contributions - PMRS assessment		80		-		20		380		20		-		40
Contributions - member		23,497		22,197		19,850		18,522		17,119		15,221		15,947
PMRS investment income		48,509		47,196		47,247		44,645		42,080		41,486		43,511
Market value investment income		(181,505)		78,744		25,830		136,574		(68,120)		91,831		25,275
Transfers		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(100.000)		(22.454)		(20.012)		(57.9(1)		(20.070)		(E0 E74)		(EE 17E)
		(189,009)		(32,454)		(28,913)		(57,861)		(39,870)		(58,574)		(55,175)
PMRS administrative expense Additional administrative expense		(420) (2,563)		(320) (2,673)		(340) (2,059)		(380) (1,543)		(320) (1,878)		(320) (1,908)		(320) (2,132)
NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		(300,487)		112,690		61,635		140,258		(47,464)		91,065		34,489
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, BEGINNING		1,137,160		1,024,470		962,835		822,577		870,041		778,976		-
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, ENDING (b)	<u> </u>	836,673	\$	1,137,160	\$	1,024,470	\$	962,835	\$	822,577	\$	870,041	\$	34,489
AUTHORITY'S NET PENSION	<u> </u>		_		<u> </u>		_				<u> </u>	,		
LIABILITY (ASSET), ENDING (a) - (b)	\$	(13,923)	\$	(350,694)	\$	(279,596)	\$	(175,769)	\$	(46,655)	\$	(153,490)	\$	677,603
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	÷	<u> </u>		\=-,/		<u> </u>		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		101.69%		144.59%		137.54%		122.33%		106.01%		121.42%		4.84%
Covered employee payroll	\$	520,215	\$	499,399	\$	465,842	\$	432,688	\$	449,459	\$	434,878	\$	455,634
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		-2.68%		-70.22%		-60.02%		-40.62%		-10.38%		-35.29%		-14.68%

The Authority is required to present the information for the last ten fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYEES' PENSION FUND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Yea	nsurement or Ending /31/2022	Measurement Year Ending 12/31/2021		Ye	easurement ear Ending 2/31/2020	Ye	asurement ar Ending /31/2019	Yε	easurement ear Ending 2/31/2018	Y	easurement ear Ending 2/31/2017	Measurement Year Ending 12/31/2016	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	924	\$	-	\$	-	\$	261	\$	3,505	\$	3,338	\$	7,334
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		1,004				20		301		3,525		3,329		7,383
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$	(80)	\$		\$	(20)	\$	(40)	\$	(20)	\$	9	\$	(49)
Covered employee payroll	\$	520,215	\$	499,399	\$	465,842	\$	432,688	\$	449,459	\$	434,878	\$	455,634
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.19%		0.00%		0.00%		0.07%		0.78%		0.77%		1.62%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 for the odd valuation year at least

two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions were reported.

Therefore, the Actuarially Determined Contribution for calendar year 2022 is based on the

January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine the 2022 contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar based upon the amortization periods in Act 205

Asset valuation method Based upon the municipal reserves

Discount rate 5.25% Inflation 2.8%

Salary increases Age related scale with merit and inflation component

COLA increases 2.8% for those eligible for COLA

Pre-retirement mortality Males: RP 2000 Non-Annuitant Male table projected 15 years with Scale AA

Females: RP 2000 Non-Annuitant Female table projected 15 years with Scale AA, setback 5 years

Post-retirement mortality Males: RP 2000 Annuitant Male table projected 5 years with Scale AA

Females: RP 2000 Annuitant Female table projected 10 years with Scale AA

The Authority is required to present the information for the last ten fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See notes to the financial statements.